

En-Japan Inc.

Interim FY12/07 Earnings Announcement (Non-Consolidated)

August 9, 2007

Company Name: En-Japan Inc. Listed Market: Osaka Securities Exchange (Hercules Market)

Stock Code: 4849 Homepage URL: http://corp.en-japan.com/

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Interim Earnings Financial Filings Date: September 20, 2007

1. Interim FY12/07 Earnings Performance (From January 1, 2007 to June 30, 2007)

(1) Earnings Performance (Figures are rounded down to the nearest million yen)

Selection (Property Income) (Ordinary Income) (Net Income)

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	Sales		Operating	Income	Ordinary	Income	Net Income		
	Million yen	% уу	Million	% yy	Million	% yy	Million	% yy	
	,		yen		yen		yen		
Interim FY12/07	10,218	(44.0)	3,148	(32.3)	3,172	(34.3)	1,711	(37.5)	
Interim FY12/06	7,097	(40.1)	2,378	(26.9)	2,362	(25.3)	1,244	(25.6)	
FY12/06	16,919	(47.2)	5,605	(47.8)	5,607	(46.5)	3,105	(41.0)	

	EPS	Fully Diluted EPS
	Yen	Yen
Interim FY12/07	7,072.90	6,867.68
Interim FY12/06	5,170.29	4,989.40
FY12/06	12,892.66	12,460.36

(Note) Earnings from investments in companies held under equity accounting method: Interim FY12/07: ¥0, FY12/06: ¥0

(2) Financial Position

	Total Assets	Net Assets	Net Asset Ratio	Book Value per Share
	Million Yen	Million Yen	%	Yen
Interim FY12/07	14,603	10,647	72.9	43,949.81
Interim FY12/06	10,495	7,691	73.3	31,939.72
FY12/06	14,129	9,611	68.0	39,746.13

(Note) Capital: Interim FY12/07: ¥10,647 million, Interim FY12/06: ¥7,691 million, FY12/06: ¥9,611 million

(3) Cash Flow Conditions

(b) Cush 11011 Condit	10110			
	Operating Cash Flow	Investing Cash Flow	Financing Cash Flow	Cash and Equivalents
	Million Yen	Million Yen	Million Yen	Million Yen
Interim FY12/07	1,543	-910	-690	6,116
Interim FY12/06	1,274	-1,137	-537	5,164
FY12/06	4,076	-2,986	-481	6,173

2. Dividends

		Dividends Per Share								
	Interim End	Year End	Total Full Year							
	Yen	Yen	Yen							
FY12/06	_	3,100.00	3,100.00							
FY12/07	_		TBA							
FY12/07 (Projected)		TBA	IDA							

3. FY12/07 Earnings Projections (From January 1, 2007 to December 31, 2007)

	Sal	es	Operating	Income	Ordinary	Ordinary Income		come	EPS	
	Yen	% уу	Yen	% уу	Yen	% уу	Yen	% уу	Yen	
Full Year	23,200	(37.1)	7,050	(25.8)	7,000	(24.8)	3,758	(21.0)	15,512.19	

4. Others

- (1) Changes in the accounting methods, filing process, and format of display used to create of our financial accounts.
 - (a) Changes in accounting methods: Yes
 - (b) Other changes excluding the above: No
- (2) Number of shares issued (Common stock)

(a) Shares at the term end (Including treasury stock)

Interim FY12/07: 242,261, Interim FY12/06: 240,815, FY12/06: 241,812

(b) Treasury stock at term end

Interim FY12/07: 0, Interim FY12/06: 0, FY12/06: 0

• Regarding our earnings forecasts and references to them.

Our earnings projections above are based on data available at the time of this announcement. Our actual results may differ from these projections due to various unforeseen factors.

1. Analysis of Our Earnings Performance

(1.1) Analysis of Our Earnings Performance

(a) Our Interim Earnings Performance

During the interim period under review, the Japanese economy continued to expand gradually on the back of favorable corporate earnings, strong capital investments and exports, and continued growth in domestic demand. Against this economic backdrop, the job market continued to improve and the unemployment rate stood at 3.7% in June (Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications).

At En-Japan, we continued our promotional activities of last year with aggressive advertising on various forms of public transportation and in stations, and on banners in various portal sites. In addition, we also launched new television commercials and our total promotional spending activities reached their highest level since our founding. As a result of these efforts, the brand image and recognition of En-Japan by both clients and users rose even further. In our mid-career hiring business, we saw sales increases in all of our sites. Consequently our mid-career hiring business sales rose by \(\frac{4}{2},959\) million or 47.9% year-over-year to \(\frac{4}{9},137\) million. Furthermore we saw solid gains in our website for students called "en Job Info for Students 2008" and sales of our new graduate hiring related business, which has become one our main earnings drivers, rose by \(\frac{4}{142}\) million or 17.1% year-over-year to \(\frac{4}{9}76 million.

During the interim period under review our efforts allowed us to grow sales by 44.0% year-over-year to \(\frac{1}{4}\)10,218 million, operating income by 32.3% year-over-year to \(\frac{4}{3}\),148 million, ordinary income by 34.3% year-over-year to \(\frac{4}{3}\),172 million, and net income by 37.5% year-over-year to \(\frac{4}{1}\),711 million.

We provide details of the earnings performance of each of our business segments as follows.

Performance of Our Main Business Segments (Mid-career Hiring Related Business)

Our "en Career Change Info" site was selected as the best site amongst 30 different public and private sector websites in the "2007 Career Change Job Site Comparison Survey" conducted by Cybozu Media and Technology Co., Ltd. This survey measured the "brand recognition," "foot traffic," "repeater usage," "user satisfaction," "usage direction," "credibility," and "effectiveness" of various job websites by surveying both users of and workers who have changed jobs using these various sites. In addition to our superior services, we successfully leveraged the strengths of our marketing and contents production capabilities to grow our sales by a large margin. During the interim period under review sales grew by 57.0% year-over-year to \(\frac{1}{2}\)6,016 million.

"en Career Change Consultant" is the largest collective site for recruiting companies in Japan and combines the convenience of single entry search functions of the highly specialized job information (industry, type of work, region) provided by various recruiting companies. Our successful cultivation of new clients allowed this division's sales to rise by 34.5% year-over-year to ¥955 million during the interim period.

"en Temporary Placement Info" received the top ranking as the most satisfying worker dispatch job site in the "Dispatched Worker Site Usage Survey 2006" by Interwired Co., Ltd. last year. The high level of effectiveness of and foot traffic to this site as a channel supplying job information to users allowed us to steadily expand the number of job advertisements listed on this site. Consequently our sales rose by 27.7% year-over-year to \(\frac{1}{2}\),523 million.

"en Part-time Jobs Plus" is a specialized site that lists only part-time job offers for positions where there is a possibility for workers to be hired as full-time employees. The tough employment market conditions, which make finding full time employees difficult, have been a boost to the popularity of this site amongst our corporate clients. Consequently, sales of this site grew by 50.7% year-over-year to ¥547 million during the interim period under review.

(New-Graduate Hiring Business)

In our "en Job Info for Students" business, we were able to steadily expand our earnings on the back of our "en Job Info for Students 2008" (targeting both university undergraduate and graduate students graduating in April 2008) website launched in October 2006. Furthermore our special columns "A Professional's Job" and "Company Visit Documentaries" helped to raise the brand recognition of and increase the foot traffic to our site by student users at colleges and universities. Consequently sales relating to these sites rose by 18.2% year-over-year to ¥711 million, and sales of our consulting and outsourcing services related to the hiring of new graduates grew by 14.1% year-over-year to ¥265 million.

(Education and Evaluation Business)

In our education and evaluation business, we provide various support services related to the new graduate hiring process. Our services include the planning and implementation of pre-hiring training programs designed to enhance "worker performance" and to increase worker retention rates after they are hired. We also disclose various information relating to our pre- and post-hiring training programs to clients as part of our comprehensive solutions provision services, which also include the job advertising function as well. By providing our customers with comprehensive solutions, we are able to contribute to the effective hiring of employees, increase worker contribution to their employers, and raise worker retention rates. Consequently our sales grew by 22.6% year-over-year to \\pm 104 \text{million.}

Business Performance Comparison

Sales Segments (Units: Sales = \fm\) Sales = \fm\)

Segments (Onto.							
	Interim FY1	2/06	Interim FY	12/07	FY12/06		
Category	From January	1, 2006	From January	1, 2007	From January 1, 2006		
	to June 30,	2006	to June 30,	2007	to December 31	1, 2006	
	Sales	Share (%)	Sales	Share (%)	Sales	Share (%)	
Mid-Career Hiring Business							
en Career Change Info	3,832,573	54.0	6,016,431	58.9	9,174,868	54.2	
en Career Change Consultant	710,552	10.0	955,819	9.3	1,556,552	9.2	
en Temporary Placement Info	1,192,711	16.8	1,523,180	14.9	2,556,605	15.1	
en Part-time Jobs Plus	363,356	5.1	547,735	5.4	838,085	5.0	
Others	78,942	1.1	94,416	0.9	147,506	0.9	
New-Graduate Hiring Business							
en Job Info for Students	601,810	8.5	711,515	7.0	2,051,423	12.1	
Others	232,352	3.3	265,172	2.6	448,347	2.6	
Training, Evaluation	84,863	1.2	104,032	1.0	146,537	0.9	
Total	7,097,160	100.0	10,218,303	100.0	16,919,926	100.0	

(Note) "Others" in our mid-career hiring and new graduate hiring divisions include consulting, outsourcing, testing and other services.

(1.2) Full Year Earnings Projections

During the interim period under review, earnings in each of our business segments trended strongly and exceeded our initial projections. With regards to our full year earnings projections, we expect to achieve our earnings targets announced on February 14, 2007. Furthermore everyone in our Company remains committed to fulfilling the expectations of our investors and achieving these projections.

(Units: Million yen)

	Sales	Operating Income	Ordinary Income	Net Income
Outstanding Projections for FY12/07	23,200	7,050	7,000	3,758
(Reference) FY12/06	16,919	5,605	5,607	3,105

2. Analysis of Our Financial Position

(2.1) Review of Our Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

(Current Assets)

At the end of the interim period under review, our current assets declined by ¥116 million from the end of the last fiscal year to ¥8,888 million. We attribute this decline to payments for corporate taxes and dividends which contributed to a ¥57 million reduction in our cash and equivalents.

(Fixed Assets)

The balance of our fixed assets increased by ¥590 million from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥5,715 million at the end of the interim term. We attribute this increase in fixed assets to a ¥287 million increase in investments in limited liability partnership and marketable securities, and a ¥163 million rise in tangible fixed assets arising from spending to expand our office floor space and for the acquisition of new assets.

(Current Liabilities)

Our current liabilities declined by ¥561 million from the previous year end to ¥3,956 million at the end of the interim period. This decline is due in part to a ¥416 million decline in unpaid corporate taxes.

(Net Assets)

At the end of the interim period our net assets increased by \$1,036 million from the end of the previous term to \$10,647 million. A \$961 million rise in retained earnings resulting from our strong profits was a main factor for our higher net assets.

(2.2) Cash Flow Conditions

While we saw an outflow of our operating cash flow for the payment of corporate taxes, dividends, and to acquire intangible fixed assets associated with our website renewal, our strong operating activities allowed us to see a gain of ¥951 million to a net inflow of ¥6,116 million, up 18.4% year-over-year.

(Operating Cash Flow)

We saw a net inflow of \$1,543 million (Up 21.1% year-over-year) in our operating cash flow. Our realization of \$3,163 million in ordinary income before taxes was a major factor contributing to the higher inflow, and more than offset the outflow for the payment of \$1,792 million in taxes.

(Investing Cash Flow)

We saw a 20.0% year-over-year decline in the net outflow of cash from our investing activities to ¥910 million. The main uses of this cash outflow were a ¥306 million acquisition of tangible fixed assets, ¥272 million purchases of intangible fixed assets, and ¥260 million purchases of marketable securities.

(Financing Cash Flow)

We saw a 28.5% year-over-year increase in the net outflow of cash from our financing activities of ¥690 million. This increase is attributed primarily to a ¥745 million payment of dividends which more than offset the ¥55 million inflow from share issuance.

Trends in Cash Flow Indicators

(Units: %)

	FY12/03	FY12/04	FY12/05	FY12/06	Interim FY12/07
Equity Ratio	82.4	72.4	70.2	68.0	72.9
Equity Ratio based on Market Capitalization	714.6	1,115.5	1,841.8	977.2	763.1

- (Notes) 1. Each indicator is calculated in accordance with the formulas shown below.
 - a) Equity ratio: Net assets / Total assets
 - b) Equity ratio based on market capitalization: Market capitalization / Total assets
 - We do not show values for our debt redemption period or interest coverage because we have no interest-bearing debt.

(2.3) Our Basic Policy Regarding Profit Allocation

Our Company maintains a policy regarding profit allocation that seeks to strike a balance between retaining an appropriate amount of earnings that will allow us to respond quickly and aggressively to rapid changes in our operating environment, while returning an appropriate level of profits to our shareholders through dividends and other methods. We have yet to determine the dividend level to be paid at the end of the current fiscal year.

(2.4) Business Risks

We provide a list of the major potential risk factors associated with our business operations below. Furthermore we also include other factors which are not necessarily risks associated with our business operations but which may be considered as factors influencing investment decisions in our shares as part of our proactive disclosure policy to investors. We remain well aware of the potential for these various risks to occur and we have prepared various steps to prevent them from occurring and to handle them after they occur. At the same time we take these various risk factors into consideration in determining our future management direction and directives and consider the various issued listed below to be important. Moreover we would like to remind investors that the list below does not include every possible risk factor that could influence investment decisions in our shares.

(a) Regarding Intellectual Property Rights Infringements

We view our brand as a highly valuable asset and we will aggressively acquire various trademarks associated with it. Also we are in the process of acquiring any possible utility model patents to protect our unique system and business model.

Additionally, we have included warnings on our site cautioning other parties from copying, forwarding, translating, or making other unauthorized uses of our contents and services. We post warnings of our intellectual property rights to users of our site, and will pursue legal action against any third party that violates our intellectual property rights. In the event of violations, our business operations maybe impacted by legal actions to support and protect our intellectual property rights.

(b) Regarding Our Business Operations

We provide various job information services over the Internet. Our main source of revenues comes from job advertisements placed by companies on our various Internet websites. With regard to the operation of our sites, it is difficult to determine the specific revenue contributions from our information and advertising production services, therefore we disclose the various risks associated with both parts of our business to enable investors to better assess investment opportunities in our Company.

(b.1) Regarding New Businesses

In the future we will implement a policy that leverages the strengths of our "en" brand by fortifying our services and contents to develop new businesses. We maintain a policy of establishing alliances and partnerships related to our portal sites to aggressively broaden the base of our businesses. And because of the numerous unpredictable factors associated with new business development, we recognize the potential for our earnings to be impacted by unforeseen circumstances arising from these newer businesses.

In order to maintain the success of our businesses, we recognize the importance of maintaining our brand recognition in the market. Therefore, we may seek alliances with new portal sites as part of our strategy to maintain a high level of brand recognition. Because the term of our alliance agreements is one year and is renewed on an annual basis, the loss of contracts could impact our earnings.

(b.2) Regarding Our Operations

As part of our business expansion strategy, we recognize the importance of raising recognition of the "en" brand, and we will pursue an aggressive advertising strategy including use of the traditional print media with the goal of raising the number of users of our sites. However, accurately assessing the effectiveness of this strategy is difficult, and the costs associated with such advertising campaigns pose a risk to our earnings.

Moreover, we need to increase our staff numbers to fortify our marketing and new technology development functions, which are critical in expanding our business realm. The inability to secure adequate numbers of staff and or the loss of existing staff could negatively impact our earnings.

(b.3) Regarding Business with Partners in Specific Industries

We have avoided a concentration of customers in certain specific industries by targeting a wide range of customers in various industries in our marketing activities. However, because demand for job advertisements is closely related to trends in the economy, our dependence upon customers in certain industries could rise. While we will continue our strategy of marketing to a broad range of industries, our earnings could be impacted by the macroeconomic trends affecting customers in certain specific industries.

(b.4) Regarding M&A and Capital Alliances

We consider corporate mergers and acquisitions, and capital participation as an effective means of growing our existing businesses and expanding into new business areas. But the inability to implement these activities as planned could profoundly impact our earnings.

(3) Regarding Our Unique Services and Technologies

(3.1) Differentiation of Our Services

The market for job information services can be divided into three segments: a) magazines, newspapers and other traditional print media job advertising companies, b) on-line job information advertising companies utilizing the Internet, and c) human resources recruiting and temporary labor dispatch companies. Our company belongs to the second category of job advertising over the Internet. The competition within this category of on-line advertising is becoming increasingly fierce due to the large number of existing and new entrants to this segment of the market. As a means of differentiating our services from our competitors, our Company maintains a strategy of improving the functionality of our systems, improving the services provided to both clients and users, and raising the "en" brand recognition in the market. With regard to pricing competition, we will continue to provide a high level of value-added services to maintain the trust of both our clients and users, which is crucial in maintaining our existing pricing structure and avoiding being forced to compete only in terms of pricing as do many of our competitors. However, we recognize the potential for increased competition despite our best efforts at differentiation as a business risk that could affect our earnings.

(3.2) Regarding Our Technological Development

Technological advancements in Internet-related businesses are rapid and dramatic, and new technologies and services are always being born. Because our business is deeply rooted in the Internet, we recognize the need to constantly develop new technologies and services and to provide them to our customers in a timely manner in order to maintain our competitive position. In order to continually provide high-quality services, we have established our mid-career hiring media development, new graduate hiring media development, career change consultant and temporary placement information divisions to pursue the development of new services on an ongoing basis in each of our various business areas. As an integral part of this strategy, we consider the various requests from our customers and users and make changes to our system to reflect as many of these requests as possible. Because we are in a strong growth phase, which requires us to expand our personnel, and because development of effective systems to fortify our services can take a long time, any delays in the implementation of new technologies and services or inability to hire new staff could lead to a deterioration of our competitive position within the industry.

(4) Regarding the Protection of Personal Information

As a company participating in the human resources business, we recognize the extreme importance of properly managing personal information to prevent its leakage, misuse, and alteration. Consequently, we are aggressively promoting the implementation of a personal information protection structure and we first acquired our "privacy mark" certification from the Japan Information Processing Development Corporation on March 22, 2001. Furthermore on June 15, 2007 we acquired a new "privacy mark" certification for our personal information protection structure that complies with the "personal information protection compliance program" (JIS Q 15001:2006).

Personal information is strictly managed and we take steps such as coding information prior to being sent and storing information in servers at a 24-hour data center with full security functions. Moreover, we grant only a limited number of employees access to this data, because we recognize the legal ramifications resulting from any leakage of this information or any other serious trouble with the information security above and beyond those defined by our contracts with our customers. In addition to our legal responsibilities, we also recognize the potential for problems with personal data to damage our brand image, and the impact this could have on our business and earnings.

(5) Regarding Special Legal Provisions

Currently in Japan, the laws governing various usages of the Internet and related businesses are very limited and there is a need to further fortify these laws. Consequently, the creation of new laws governing the usage of the Internet could profoundly impact our business operations.

The job information services business is subject to the "equal opportunity laws" and "statement of conditions of employment" as defined by the job stabilization law. Our business is also subject to provisions set forth by the labor standard laws which call for "equal pay for both men and women" and the "protection of minimum wages by region," and those set forth by the consumer protection laws for "truth in advertising."

We maintain strict adherence to these laws and provisions in the production of various contents for our sites, and inform our clients of the need to conform to these laws and provisions as part of our efforts to strengthen the trust of our users in our site and services. However, we also recognize that any inability to maintain the spirit and practice of these laws and provisions could have a negative impact upon our business and the relationships we have built with our users.

In November 2000 we acquired our employment agency certification as defined by the job stabilization law. However we recognize that our inability to receive an extension or cancellation of the certification could negatively impact our earnings.

(6) The Potential for Dilution of Shareholder Value by Our Stock Option System

We recognize the dilution of shareholder value as a risk resulting from the potential exercise of outstanding stock options already issued and from stock options which could be issued in the future.

(7) Regarding Large Natural Disasters and Accidents

Because our business relies upon computer systems and communication networks, we recognize the risk of interruption of our business resulting from any potential disruption of communications systems stemming from natural disasters or accidents. We also acknowledge the risk to our business from temporary failure of our servers due to excessively high levels of access, from criminal acts resulting from unauthorized access, or from employee error. In addition to these risks, the potential for server failure beyond our control could also result in a loss of business and a loss of trust among our customers and users, and could also lead to the pursuit of punitive damages by our partners which in turn could impact our business.

(8) Risks Arising from Legal Compliance

We recognize the need to further fortify our internal control structure to ensure that we remain accountable to our societal responsibilities in the course of our business expansion. And despite our best efforts, we cannot guarantee complete and total compliance with the various laws relating to our business, and we recognize the potential for lawsuits and punitive damages as a result of acts of negligence or violations of the law by our employees. Furthermore in the event that we are given administrative guidance by the Labor Standards Supervision Office, our business operations, earnings and financial conditions could be impacted.

2. Corporate Structure

We do not have any significant subsidiaries.

3. Management Policy

(1) Our Basic Management Policy

Our primary business is the provision of various job information services over the Internet. We seek to provide high quality services to both job-seeking workers and job-offering corporate clients as an integral part of our business expansion strategy. We realize the important role to society that our Company must serve and we believe that our reason for existence is to provide unique services and products which contribute to an improvement in employment environment.

(2) Intermediate- to Long-Term Management Strategy

(2.1) Trends in the External Operating Environment

In addition to the expansion in the economy and improvement in labor market conditions, the declining birth rates and the "2007 Problem" (The trend where a large numbers of "Baby Boomers" will begin reaching retirement age in 2007) will contribute to a shortage of workers, and force companies to not only increase their mid-career hirings and raise their retirement age, but also increase their hiring of younger aged workers as well.

Moreover the shift from the conventional print media of magazines and newspapers to the Internet as a means of accessing the labor markets and providing job information is continuing. Furthermore we expect the Internet job advertising market to account for an even larger share of the overall market.

Against the backdrop of this market environment, we will aggressively fortify our internal structure to maintain the fast pace of growth in our business.

(2.2) Our Intermediate- to Long-Term Management Strategy

We offer a full range of job information through our various websites including "en Career Change Info," "en Career Change Consultant," "en Temporary Placement Info," "en Job Info for Students" and "en Part-time Jobs Plus." Furthermore we also seek to secure our position as the top ranked Internet job advertiser through our provision of top quality job information and services to both job seekers and job offering clients.

Furthermore we are broadening our range of services to include not only the job information provision services, but also hiring, training and evaluation functions.

(2.3) Issues Confronting Our Company

(a) Issues Concerning the Expansion of Our Business

One important issue in the expansion of our business is our ability to maintain the high-quality level of the job information in our websites while increasing the number of companies advertising jobs on our various websites. We produce highly accurate and objective job advertisements on behalf of our clients by sending our sales staff to clients' offices and then conducting interviews upon which we create advertisements. Many of our competitors ask job offering companies to create their own advertisements. Although we are the top ranked job advertisement website operator in terms of quality of job information provided, we also need to keep pace with our competitors in terms of growth rates in the number of companies placing ads on our sites. In order to maintain our strong growth, we will aggressively hire and train new staff, and fortify our marketing and production capabilities as well.

(b) Issues Concerning Our Management Structure

Furthermore we will take steps to further rationalize and optimize our back-office functions, which have supported the quick paced growth in our Company since its founding. These steps include increases in our staff numbers, optimization of our operations, and fortification of our internal control structure, all of which are designed to help raise our corporate value.

4. Interim Financial Statements

(1) Interim Balance Sheets

		Interim Period ine 30, 2006)		Current Interim Period (June 30, 2007)			Last Fiscal Year (December 31, 2006)		
Categories	Value (¥1,000)	Share (%)	Value (¥1,000)	Share (%)	Value (¥1,000)	Share (%)
Assets									
I Current Assets									
1. Cash & equivalents	5,164,852			6,116,746			6,173,772		
2. Notes receivables	7,653			14,875			16,853		
3. Accounts receivables	1,531,427			2,247,320			2,275,791		
4. Inventories	12,981			10,428			13,630		
5. Prepaid expenses	159,821			245,065			224,044		
6. Deferred tax assets	169,655			233,334			302,362		
7. Others	30,843			35,516			31,598		
Bad credit reserves	-21,960			-15,268			-33,772		
Total Current Assets		7,055,275	67.2		8,888,019	60.9		9,004,281	63.7
II Fixed Assets									
1. Tangible fixed assets									
(1) Buildings	118,998			152,028			110,705		
(2) Structures	-			74,889			_		
(3) Equipment, o0thers	556,680			525,557			515,356		
(4) Construction in progress	47,346			70,485			33,775		
Total Tangible Fixed Assets		723,026	6.9		822,960	5.6		659,837	4.7
(b) Intangible Fixed Assets									
(1) Trademarks	4,452			4,497			4,165		
(2) Software	281,370			667,766			644,478		
(3) Software under development	319,603			266,552			199,591		
(4) Telephone deposits	1,351			1,351			1,351		
Total Intangible Fixed Assets		606,777	5.8		940,168	6.4		849,587	6.0
(c) Investments, other assets									
(1) Investment securities	270,143			627,700			340,019		
(2) Affiliate shareholdings	342,742			571,594			571,594		
(3) Deferred tax assets	95,174			94,389			94,294		
(4) Long-term deposits	378,480			1,396,520			1,388,220		
(5) Insurance reserve fund	419,818			428,120			422,090		
(6) Lease deposits	348,143			678,598			604,378		
(7) Others	256,036			174,380			195,039		
Bad credit reserves	_			-18,690			_		
Total Investment and Other Assets		2,110,537	20.1		3,952,612	27.1		3,615,637	25.6
Total Fixed Assets		3,440,342	32.8		5,715,742	39.1		5,125,062	36.3
Total Assets		10,495,617	100.0		14,603,761	100.0		14,129,344	100.0

		Last Interim Period (June 30, 2006)			nt Interim Perio	d	Last Fiscal Year (December 31, 2006)		
Categories	Value (¥1,000)	Share (%)	Value (¥1,000)	Share (%)	Value (¥1,000)		Share (%)
Liabilities									
I Current Liabilities									
1. Accounts payable	59,249			102,046			79,979		
2. Payments due	811,321			1,223,009			1,459,616		
3. Unpaid expenses	73,170			135,442			309,229		
4. Unpaid corporate taxes	1,167,429			1,431,663			1,848,360		
5. Unpaid consumption taxes	97,793			150,881			228,573		
6. Advances received	378,457			567,202			327,737		
7. Deposits	44,252			95,286			79,122		
8. Bonus reserves	172,378			243,159			147,992		
9. Director bonus reserves	_			_			8,800		
10. Others	_			7,745			28,841		
Total Current Liabilities		2,804,052	26.7		3,956,436	27.1		4,518,254	32.0
Total Liabilities		2,804,052	26.7		3,956,436	27.1		4,518,254	32.0
Net Assets									
I Shareholders' equity									
1. Capital		813,001	7.8		868,927	6.0		841,221	6.0
2. Capital Reserves									
(1) Capital reserves	1,279,571			1,335,496			1,307,790		
Total capital reserves		1,279,571	12.2		1,335,496	9.1		1,307,790	9.2
3. Retained Earnings									
(1) Other retained earnings reserves									
Contingent reserves	2,000,000			2,000,000			2,000,000		
Earnings reserves carried forward	3,598,136			6,421,398			5,459,685		
Total retained earnings		5,598,136	53.3		8,421,398	57.7		7,459,685	52.8
Total shareholders' equity		7,690,709	73.3		10,625,823	72.8		9,608,697	68.0
II Net unrealized valuation gains 1. Valuation gains on marketable		854	0.0		21,501	0.1		2,393	0.0
securities Total unrealized valuation gains		854	0.0		21,501	0.1		2,393	0.0
Total Net Assets		7,691,564	73.3		10,647,324	72.9		9,611,090	68.0
Total Liabilities and Net Assets		10,495,617	100.0		14,603,761	100.0		14,129,344	100.0

(2) Interim Income Statement

	Last Interim Period (From January 1, 2006 to June 30, 2006)		(Fron	t Interim Peri n January 1, 2 une 30, 2007)	007	Last Fiscal Year (From January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006)			
Categories	Value (¥1,000)	Share (%)	Value (¥1,000)	Share (%)	Value (Value (¥1,000)	
I Sales		7,097,160	100.0		10,218,303	100.0		16,919,926	100.0
II Cost of Sales		680,815	9.6		983,893	9.6		1,604,439	9.5
Gross Income		6,416,345	90.4		9,234,409	90.4		15,315,487	90.5
III SG&A expenses		4,037,413	56.9		6,086,309	59.6		9,710,010	57.4
Operating Income		2,378,931	33.5		3,148,099	30.8		5,605,476	33.1
IV Non-operating income		10,254	0.1		32,271	0.3		30,842	0.2
V Non-operating expense		27,145	0.3		7,800	0.0		29,263	0.2
Ordinary Income		2,362,040	33.3		3,172,571	31.1		5,607,055	33.1
VI Extraordinary income		_	_		6	0.0		=	_
VII Extraordinary loss		12,208	0.2		9,123	0.1		16,038	0.1
Ordinary Income before Taxes		2,349,831	33.1		3,163,454	31.0		5,591,017	33.0
Corporate, enterprise, other taxes	1,142,925			1,396,306			2,655,487		
Corporate tax adjustment	-37,490	1,105,434	15.6	55,817	1,452,124	14.2	-170,414	2,485,072	14.6
Net Income		1,244,396	17.5		1,711,330	16.8		3,105,944	18.4

(3) (Statement of Changes in Capital)

Interim FY12/06 (From January 1, 2006 to June 30, 2006)

(Units: ¥1,000)

	Shareholders' equity							Translation Gains		
	Capital	Capital reserves		Retained earnings						
		Capital reserves surplus	Total capital reserves	Other retained earnings			Total shareholders'	Valuation gains on	Total valuation	Total net assets
				Contingent reserves	Retained earnings carried forward	Total retained earnings	equity	marketable securities	gains	
As of December 31, 2005	806,379	1,272,950	1,272,950	2,000,000	2,906,867	4,906,867	6,986,197	_	_	6,986,197
Changes during Interim FY12/06										
New share issuance	6,621	6,621	6,621	_	_	-	13,243	_	-	13,243
Dividend payment	_	_	_	=	-553,127	-553,127	-553,127	=	=	-553,127
Net income	_	_	=	=	1,244,396	1,244,396	1,244,396	=	=	1,244,396
Changes from other items	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	854	854	854
Total changes during Interim FY12/06	6,621	6,621	6,621	_	691,269	691,269	704,512	854	854	854
As of June 30, 2006	813,001	1,279,571	1,279,571	2,000,000	3,598,136	5,598,136	7,690,709	854	854	7,691,564

Interim FY12/07 (From January 1, 2007 to June 30, 2007)

(Units: ¥1,000)

	Shareholders' equity								Translation Gains	
		Capital reserves		Retained earnings				77.1 <i>c</i>		Total net
	Capital	Capital	Total capital	Other retained earnings		Total retained	Total shareholders'	Valuation gains on marketable	Total valuation	assets
		reserves surplus	reserves	Contingent reserves	Capital reserves surplus	earnings	equity	securities	gains	
As of December 31, 2006	841,221	1,307,790	1,307,790	2,000,000	5,459,685	7,459,685	9,608,697	2,393	2,393	9,611,090
Changes during Interim FY12/07										
New share issuance	27,706	27,706	27,706	_	_	_	55,412	_	_	55,412
Dividend payment	_	_		_	-749,617	-749,617	-749,617		-	-749,617
Net income	-	-	Ī	_	1,711,330	1,711,330	1,711,330	ĺ	_	1,711,330
Changes from other items	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	19,108	19,108	19,108
Total changes during Interim FY12/07	27,706	27,706	27,706	_	961,713	961,713	1,017,125	19,108	19,108	1,036,234
As of June 30, 2007	868,927	1,335,496	1,335,496	2,000,000	6,421,398	8,421,398	10,625,823	21,501	21,501	10,647,324

FY12/06 (From January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006)

FY12/06 (From January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006)									(Units: ¥1,000)		
	Shareholders' equity							Translation Gains			
	Capital	Capital reserves		Retained earnings						Total net	
		Capital	Total capital	Other retained earnings		Total retained	Retained earnings	Valuation gains on marketable	Total valuation	assets	
		reserves surplus	reserves	Contingent reserves	Capital reserves surplus	earnings		securities	gains		
As of December 31, 2006	806,379	1,272,950	1,272,950	2,000,000	2,906,867	4,906,867	6,986,197	-	_	6,986,197	
Changes during FY12/06											
New share issuance	34,841	34,840	34,840	=	=	=	69,682	=	_	69,682	
Dividend payment		_	-	_	-553,127	-553,127	-553,127	-	-	-553,127	
Net income		_	_	_	3,105,944	3,105,944	3,105,944	-	_	3,105,944	
Changes from other items	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,393	2,393	2,393	
Total changes during FY12/06	34,841	34,840	34,840	_	2,552,817	2,552,817	2,622,500	2,393	2,393	2,624,893	
As of December 31, 2006	841,221	1,307,790	1,307,790	2,000,000	5,459,685	7,459,685	9,608,697	2,393	2,393	9,611,090	

(4) (Cash Flow Statement)

	Last Interim Period (From January 1, 2006 to June 30, 2006)	Current Interim Period (From January 1, 2007 to June 30, 2007)	Last Fiscal Year (From January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006)
Categories	Value (¥1,000)	Value (¥1,000)	Value (¥1,000)
I Operating cash flow			
Ordinary income before taxes	2,349,831	3,163,454	5,591,017
Depreciation	198,778	296,595	481,635
Bad credit reserves increase	5,334	186	17,146
Bonus reserves increase	72,027	95,166	47,641
Director bonus reserves increase	_	-8,800	8,800
Interest received	-5,065	-11,148	-14,218
Foreign exchange gain	5,836	-8,875	-4,288
Loss on special investment vehicle	6,256	-4,456	14,015
Tangible fixed asset liquidation gain	_	-6	_
Fixed asset retirement loss	9,285	458	11,404
Accounts receivables	-55,336	30,448	-808,900
Change in payables	-3,481	22,066	17,249
Unpaid expense increase	-174,457	-213,397	305,895
Change in other current assets	20,841	3,829	11,237
Change in other current liabilities	-20,589	-37,263	385,837
Subtotal	2,409,261	3,328,257	6,064,474
Interest and dividends received	2,728	7,620	8,267
Corporate taxes paid	-1,137,796	-1,792,686	-1,996,023
Operating cash flow	1,274,193	1,543,191	4,076,717
II Investing cash flow			
Outflow from long-term deposits	_	_	-1,000,000
Outflow for acquisition of securities	-250,000	-260,000	-325,000
Inflow from liquidation of securities	_	9,000	_
Outflow for acquisition of shares of affiliates	-342,742	_	-571,594
Outflow for acquisition of tangible fixed assets	-98,327	-306,872	-152,257
Outflow for acquisition of intangible fixed assets	-402,670	-272,631	-658,367
Outflow for lease deposits	-24,671	-74,898	-283,177
Inflow from return of lease deposits	8,419	678	10,689
Outflow for insurance reserve fund	-6,582	-6,454	-8,921
Inflow from redemption of insurance reserves	_	424	691
Inflow from loans recovered	_	521	1,065
Outflows from loans extended	-20,884	-200	_
Investing cash flow	-1,137,460	-910,431	-2,986,871
III Financing cash flow			
Inflow from share issuance	13,243	55,412	69,682
Outflow for dividend payment	-550,478	-745,774	-551,495
Financing cash flow	-537,235	-690,361	-481,813
IV Value of translation associated cash and equivalents	-176	575	208
V Cash and equivalents net increase	-400,678	-57,026	608,241
VI Cash and equivalents at start of term	5,565,531	6,173,772	5,565,531
VII Cash and equivalents at end of term	5,164,852	6,116,746	6,173,772